# EVERY KIND HUMOR **PIMPLES**

Speedily cured by CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of humor cures, assisted externally by warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, and gentle applications of CUTICURA (cintment), the great skin cure, when all else fails.

EQUALIZING TAX VALUES

ONONDAGA DEMANDS AND GETS A BIG REDUCTION.

OF THIS YEAR'S INCREASE \$11,500,000 WAS PUT ON

HER, AND ONLY \$4,500,000 ON FIFTY-SEVEN OTHER UP-STATE COUNTIES-PER-

SONAL PROPERTY VALUATIONS.

Albany Sept. 2.-A delegation representing the Supervisors of Onondaga County appeared before the State Board of Equalization this afternoon and requested that the equalized value of real estate for that county for this year be reduced \$11,500,000. The Board of Equalization met this afternoon to adopt the equalization table for 18%. This table was prepared and submitted by the State Board of Tax Commissioners. The members of the Board of Equalization present were: Lieutenant-Governor Saxion, Secretary of State Palmer, State Treasurer Colvin, State Engineer Adams, Attorney-General Hancock, and the three Tax Commissioners, Martin Heermance, of Pough keepste; Edward L. Adams, of Elmira, and Rollin L. Jenkins, of Port Henry, upon whom now devolve the duties of the former State Board of Assessors. State Controller Roberts and Speaker Fish were the only two members not present. delegation from Syracuse comprised Mar-

shal P. Dyer, Jacob Sneller, jr., Charles Hiscock. ex-Collector Francis Hendricks and District-Attorney J. B. Kline. Mr. Kline addressed the Board. saying that assessed values in Syracuse were greatly in excess of the prices obtained for real estate sold, and that the county of Onondaga had been saddled with more than its proportionate share of the additional equalized values in the State. He stated that the increased equalized value this year in the State was \$67,000,000, of which \$51,000,000 was placed upon New-York and Kings countles. The remaining \$16,000,000 was divided among the other fifty-eight counties of the State so unequally that \$11,500,000 of it was saddled upon the county of Onondaga, leaving only \$4,500,000 ineased equalized value to be apportioned among

Mr. Dyer, speaking in the same strain, said:
"The assessed value of realty in the city of Syracuse was increased a couple of years ago \$17,000,000 by the city authorities. The city had been making numerous public improvements, and the increase valuation was found to be necessary in order that the percentage of the city's debt, compared with the assessed value of real property therein, should not exceed that allowed by the State Constitution. There was no reason why Onondaga's equalized values should be increased this year."

consequences, but that the towns in Onondaga County were to be considered as well as the city. President Heermance, of the State Tax Commisbeen fixed upon the best information obtainable. Ex-Collector Hendricks spoke a few words in favor of the reduction and said it was unjust that such a large addition should be made to Onondaga's equal-

Attorney-General Hancock moved that the equalities of the Monigomery Auction and fixed value of real estate in Onondaga County be commission Company, Nos. 132 and 134 Front-st. was well filled at noon yesterday when an unrespect of \$1,000,000 over law year. The Tax Commissioners opposed this, saying served sale of choice teas was held there. The sale they might favor a reduction of \$2,000,000. The question was put to a vote and was declared lost. There were \$5,000 packages of teas in the lot embracing Ping Stays, Monings and the highest of the Monigomery Auction and the commission Company, Nos. 132 and 134 Front-st. was well filled at noon yesterday when an unrelated the chiffon front. The skirt is plain, lined with red taffeta, and finished at the bottom with a couple of tiny ruffles, also lined with red. Very rich brocades introduced with a painter of a line of the Monigomery Auction and the plant of the Monigo Messrs. Saxion, Palmer, Colvin and Hancock votion the lot, embracing Ping Sueys, Moyunes, Congous, cades this year are so heavy that they resemble the

Feltman asked that Albany County's John C. Peltman asked that Albany County's equalized value be reduced \$1,30,000 from last year, instead of \$00,000 as already allowed by the Board. He declared that Albany was assessed to fits full value and property on sale rarely brought within 5 per cent of its assessed value. Charles A blawley, representing Seneca County, wanted the ordal equalized value in that county reduced by \$1,55,653. Mr. Heermance said that, should the table of the materially changed, there would have to be a reduction of the county of the reduced by a substance of values all through the State. This was not practicable at this time. Under the new law establishing the Tax Commission that body has much larger powers than the old Board of Assessors, and it was the intention of the members to gather by next year such information as wond enable them to readjust more equally the percentages for equalized valuations in all the counties of the State. The Board then went into executive session. The claims of Albany and Seneca counties were not alrowed. The total amount of equalized values for Onondaga County as submitted by the State Tax. Commissioners was reduced by nearly \$1,00,000, so that the increase in the amount of values this year over last is about \$2,00,000. The taking of \$2,00,000, off Onondaga County will cause this amount to be distributed among the other counties of the State and will result in adding \$3,00,000 to the total equalized values of New York and \$1,00,000 to the local equalized value of period of Equalization adjourned till 90 o'clock to-morrow morning when the revised table of the equalized values of real estate by counties will be ready for alogical. This table will show the following figures. Total assessed value of personal property. ISS, 5341, 1051 (1992). All the state by counties will be ready for alogical property in the State by counties will be ready for alogical property. ISS, 5341, 1051 (1992). All the state by counties and addied to others by the equalization table to be adopted to-morrow, is as follows. equalized value be reduced \$1,379,000 from last year, instead of \$500,000 as already allowed by the

#### ARMY AND NAVY ORDERS.

Washington, Sept. 9.-Second Litentenant Alfred W. Drew, 19th Infantry, has been ordered to report to the Governor of Texas at Austin for duty with the Texas State militia. Major Charles P. Egan, chief commissary of subsistence, Department of California, at San Francisco, receives six months leave of absence with permission to go beyond the sea, on being relieved by Major Wells Willard, who is ordered from New-York City. Major Egon A. Koerper, surgeon, is assigned for temporary duty at headquarters of the East in the absence of Colonel Charles C. Byrne, assistant surgeon-general. Captain John A. Johnston and Second Lieutenent Francis C. Marshall, Sth Cavalry, have received

eight months' leave. Colonel John W. Barlor, Corps of Engineers, is rdered, upon the completion of his duties with the nternational Boundary Commission for the locaand marking of the boundary between the United States and Mexico, to take station at St. Louis. Captain Juntus W. MacMurray, 1st Artillery, is relieved as special recruiting officer for the light artillery at Cumberland, Md., and will prothe light arthery at tanderman, so, and a strong ceed to join his battery. First Lieutenant George O. Squier, 2d Artillery, is ordered to Hanover, N. H., to report on a new polarizing photochronograph. Captain David A. Lyle, Ordanuce Department, will inspect gun garriages at the Pennsylvania Iron Company, Lancaster, Penn. Second Lieutenants William J. Glasgow, Troop I, 1st Cavairy, and Newton E. Kirkpatrick, Troop I, same regiment, are

ton E. Kirkpatrick, Troop I., same regiment, are transferred. Lieutenant-Commander C. H. West is detached from the War College and ordered to the New-York yard. Lieutenant-Commander W. H. Everett detached from the War College on October I, home

and one month's leave. Lieutenant Alexander Sharp ordered to duty in the Bureau of Equipment. Passed Assistant Engineer J. M. Pickrell ordered to Cramp's shipyard September 15. Ensign W. A. Moffett detached from the War College October 1 and ordered to the Constellation.

TORPEDO-BOAT NO. 6 LAUNCHED

THE CUSHING AND THE STILETTO WENT AGROUND

AFTER THE LAUNCHING. Providence, Sept. 2.-Torpedo-boat No. 6, the first of the pair of 25-knot boats to be built by the Herreshoffs for the United States Government, was successfully launched at 10 o'clock this morning. A bottle of champagne was broken over the bow by Miss Agnes Herreshoff, daughter of the designer, and the boat was named No. 6. The craft slid gracefully into the water to the accompaniment of the cheers of the spectators and the shricks of the whistles of the Cushing and the Stiletto, which were anchored off the dock. Among the naval officers present were Judge Advocate-General Embler, Lieutenant Wood, Commander Converse, Lieutenants Dillingham, Smith, Buel and Quimby; Ensigns Signor, Jackson and Bostwick, and Chaplain Jones, of the War College. signer, and the boat was named No. 6. The craft

Newport, R. I., Sept. 9,-The torpedo-boats Cushing and Stiletto went aground near the torpedo ing and Stiletto went aground near the torpedo station here this afternoon. They were returning from Bristol, where they had taken a party of naval officers to witness the launching of the new torpedo-boat No. 6, at the Herreshoffs Works, in making her slip during a severe northeast gale which prevailed, the Stiletto was forced ashore just north of the new Government pier, and the Cushing, in trying to assist her, was soon in the same predicament. The Cushing came off at 230 o'clock under her own steam, and by the aid of kedge anchors. The Stiletto was hauled off by the Cushing about 4 o'clock. Neither boat appeared to be injured by going ashore, as it is soft mud where they struck.

THE MONEY SITUATION.

SHIPMENTS OF CURRENCY-GOLD DEPOSITED IN THE SUB-TREASURY.

Telegraphic transfers of currency through the Sub-Treasury yesterday were the heaviest in some time. They appropriate \$550,000, of which more than \$400,000 was for New-Orleans. The bank trouble at New-Orleans increased the need for currency at that point. Shipments of currency by banks made the total outgo of currency for the day \$1,000,000.

A reduction of one-half a cent in sterling exchange

rates yesterday is expected to be followed by other reductions until the rates are once more at the gold importing point. Cotton and wheat are going forward importing point. Cotton and wheat are going forward rapidly and are making exchange in large amounts.

The Bank of England has advanced the price of gold bars to 78 shillings per ounce, which is the highest price for a long time. The reason for the advance is said to be the effort of Berlin, as well as New-York, to accumulate gold, and bars are preferable for Continental use. The eagles recently received in New-York from Paris have been remarkable for their weight. One lot was found to weigh 5.374 pennyweights on \$5.000, whereas the full weight is 5.575 pennyweights. Eagles not abraded more than one-half of one per cent are taken at their full weight in America, consequently worn eagles are desirable for importation. The Servia brought £99,600 in gold to Speyer & Co., and the Trave brought £78,400 shipped from Southampton and 1,300,000 francs from Havre. Speyer & Co.'s gold was deposited in the Sub-Treasury in exchange for greenbacks. In addition the Bank of Montreal deposited \$100,000 and took greenbacks for it.

A sign of returning confidence in the financial world and of lessened fear of the election of Bryan and Sewall is the willingness of the big life insurance companies to lend money again on bond and mortagge at 5 per cent. For some time there was a hesitancy about putting out such loans even at 6 per cent, and higher rates were in some cases demanded. But now a distinctly better feeling is discernible, and yesterday the Equitable Life Assurance Society and the Motual Life Insurance Company passed several loans at 5 per cent.

Washington, Sept. 9.—The gold reserve, at the close of business to-day stood at \$105,174,637. The day's withdrawals at New-York were \$74,500. If all the gold 'in sight' to be deposited, the transmission of which is not yet complete, were in the Treasury the reserve would stand to-day at \$108,000,000.

MR. SAGE SUMMONED TO COURT.

THE GARBAGE LAW VIOLATED IN A TENEMENT HOUSE OWNED BY HIM.

Magistrate Crane, in the Centre Street Police Court on Tuesday issued a summons for Russell Sage, on the complaint of Policeman Birmingham Theutenant-Governor Saxton said that if Syracuse of the Church-st. station, who charged that Mr. Sage did not keep the garbage and ashes in separate visions of the Constitution the city should take the receptacles in his big five-story brick tenement-house at No. 51 Trinity Place, as the law required house at No. 51 Trinity Place, as the law required him to do. The summons was made returnable vesterday. At the appointed hour a lawyer from Colonel E. C. James's office appeared before Magistrate Crane and announced that Mr. Sage was out of town, but that he would see the agent and faultor of the property in question and instruct them to take care that the refuse was kept in separate receptacles.

AUCTION SALE OF CHOICE TEAS.

The salesroom of the Montgomery Auction and in favor of it and Mr. Adams and the three Tax Amoys, Foothows and Indias. Among some of the textiles manufactured for uphoistering purposes. In at 17 cents; sixty-five boxes of Gunpowder Ping Sueys, at 1012 and 11 cents; sixteen half-chests of Imperial at 1312 cents; fifty half-chests of new Imperial at 13½ cents; fifty half-chests of new crop Congous, at 13½ cents; fifty boxes of new crop Formosa Oolongs, true summer character, at 26 cents, twenty chests of pure Cevion Orange Pekoe, at 14 cents, and sixty half-chests of new crop Formosa Oolongs, extra choicest, at 15 cents. Nearly all of the large houses of this city in the tea line were represented at the sale, and there were present a number of representatives of out-of-town houses. Among the firms represented were Hamilton & Cholwell, Cooke & Johnson, J. E. Gillette & Brother, J. H. Lester & Co., R. H. Oakley, M. Barnacle, R. G. Cory & Co., F. C. Jennings & Co., G. Matthews & Co., William Greenwood, Higgins & Strong, Bebee Brothers, J. & J. R. Montgomery & Co. and B. W. Price.

### MR. DEPEW NOT TO RETIRE.

Chauncey M. Depew was receiving the congratuations of his friends on his masterly speech be fore the Commercial Travellers' Sound Money League yesterday afternoon when a Tribune re porter asked him if there was any truth in the report that he intended to resign from the pres lency of the New-York Central Railroad. Depew was plainly annoyed by the report, which he pronounced absolutely false. He said: story published about my resignation as presiden of the Central and about changes in the organiza of the Central and about changes in the organiza-tion and policy of the company is wholly with-out foundation. There is and has been no basis for it," he continued, "and I have never con-templated resigning." Mr. Depew added that the story is one which had been started about once every six months for the last five years.

### MUST NOT CRUSH POPULISM.

TOM WATSON SAYS THE DEMOCRATIC EFFORT TO DO SO IS DOOMED TO FAILURE.

Thomas E. Watson in "The Independent." Wherever the lenders have used the Populist vote as political merchandise, to be bartered first to the Democrats and then to the Republicans, it has lost in numbers and in moral influence.

In the South the Democrats pretend not to fear us in this campaign, although we have so enormously increased our vote in Georgia, Texas, North Carolina, Alabama and Missouri, Belleving that they have us down, and can hold us down in the South, the Democratic managers, from Chairman Jones down, have treated us with great contempt, and have relegated us "to the negroes, where we belong." But in the West, where our vote is indispensable to Mr. Bryan's success teven in his own States, the Democratic policy is just the reverse. Our leaders are caressed, and asked to name the price. Populism in the South is at the mercy of Populism in the West, and vice versa. If Western Populism in throws its support to Sewall—the Eastern raticoad king, National banker, bondholder and corperation plotocrat—then Populism in the South, as now organized, is lost. But if Populism in the South, dies Populism in the West will not survive. The life of the one is the life of the other; the death of the one will be the doom of the other.

of the one is the life of the other, the death of the one will be the doom of the other.

Finally, Southern Populism says to Democracy: We will forget the wrongs of the past and unite with you to elect Mr. Bryan; but you must not ask us to kill our own party by withdrawing the only man who represents us in the National fight. Mr. Sewall is the man to retire. He represents nothing the Chicago platform stands for excepting free silver, and his advocacy of that dates from June, 18%. With that exception he is a flat contradiction of Mr. Bryan and a happy corroboration of Mr. McKinley. He can get out of the race and not hurt his party. His withdrawal would immensely ease the burdens of the Bryan managers. People cannot forget that Mr. Bryan might die and that Mr. Sewall might become President. And nobody who is in accord with Mr. Bryan contemplates such a contingercy with the slightest satisfaction.

Mr. Watson, on the other hand, cannot retire without disbanding his party. To disband the People's party weakens the cause of free silver by withdrawing the pressure which drove the Democrating the reform forces upon Bryan and Watson, those sections from which the votes must come are at once united, and two Presidential candidates who represent the same principles will be found running together.

If the reformers meet defeat in their patriotic efforts to get together and elect Mr. Bryan, that defeat will be due to the same old spirit of Southern Democratic intolerance which will not see, will not listen, will not learn. If Bryan goes down at all, it will be on account of the local pie-hunters in the Southern States, who wish to crush Populism in the Southern States, who wish to crush Populism in the Southern States, who wish to crush Populism in the south and encourage it in the West—who wish to use it where it will hurt the Republicans, and trample upon it where it interferes with the Democrats. They are blinder than the Bourbons if they do not realize that this marrow, unpatriotic and dishonest policy is doomed to the

NOTES ON DRESS.

All the latest frocks have medium-sized, if not actually narrow sleeves. This is now a well-recognized fact, the arm being covered with a tight-fitting smooth or wrinkled sleeve, with a very shor puff or drapery arranged at the very top.

It seems to be conceded that this season any style whatever may be worn-Louis XV, Henri IV Marie Antoinette, 1820; in fact, anything that suits the style and taste of the wearer. For this reason, doubtless, there seems so far no very marked change in the autumn gowns. Nevertheless, oncannot be too sure, as the dressmakers are apt to reserve their surprises until later; and it is never safe to order winter gowns until some decided fashionable function, like the Horse Show, for instance, has shown the tendency of the season Stance, has shown the tendency of the season. There are certain indications, however, that may be followed by those who desire to have a new but not too expensive costume for the demi-season. Nearly all the street costumes are made with a lacket, either real or simulated, for where a tight-fitting waist is preferred, basques are frequently sewed on to the bodice, the joining being covered with the belt.

Corselets, too, are in great favor, and the bolero jacket seems to have taken a new lease of popul larity, and, combined with the corselet or high-draped belt, will be much worn this autumn.

A very pretty green foulard covered with strange hieroglyphics in white, which are now so popular, is made with a bolero slightly gathered at the neck, but otherwise fitting smoothly over the bust and back. This is cut very open and short, to show a draped belt of dark red satin, hooked together in front, with a couple of tiny ruffles of embroidered red chiffon edging to match. This at the top of the corselet-belt turns back on either side and edges a jabot of red chiffon, which is gathered full, and so graduated that the embroidered edge forms dia- matter. We shall hold a meeting before a great

LORD RUSSELL'S VISIT CUT SHORT.

A CHANGE IN THE DATE OF HIS RECEPTION BY THE BAR ASSOCIATION.

George L. Rives, chairman of the Committee of the Association of the Bar of the City of News York, appointed to prepare the reception to be given by the association to Lord Chief Justice Russell, of England, in connection with the formal opening of the association's new home in Forty-fourth-st., has received word from Lord Russell that he will sail for home from this city on October 3, instead of a

This fact will make it necessary for the associa-This fact will make it necessary for the association to have the formal opening of the building in the last week of September. A member of the Administration Committee of the association said yesterday that the new building would probably be ready in time for the opening and reception while Lord Russell is in this city. He is expected here on September 26. It is understood that Chief Justice Fuller, who had been invited to attend the reception on October 3, will change his plans so as to be present on the earlier date, which will probably be Tuesday, September 29.

THE NEW MASONIC TEMPLE.

A COMMITTEE TO CONSIDER THE SELECTION OF THE SITE.

A special committee on the site for the proposed Masonic Temple in this city has been appointed to co-operate with the trustees in regard to the general propositions and the best method to pursue in selecting the site. This committee consists of William Sherer, manager of the Clearing House, chairman, Peter R. Gatens and Joseph J. Little. Of the plans of the committee Mr. Sherer said yesterday: "There has been no meeting of the committee yet, and nothing has been done in the



arrangement filling the entire space left open by the bolero Jacket. The sleeves are long and tight-fitting, with a very short, full puff at the top, over which is gathered a drapery of the silk lined with red silk to match the chiffon front. The skirt is plain, lined with red taffeta, and finished at the bottom with a couple of tiny ruffles, also lined with red.

in particularly good designs and lovely coloring. For instance, a charming composition has the up overed with a heavy brocade of divers colors combined with gold thread, a most sumptuous-looking fabric. Over this is crossed a drapery of gray cloth, of which the rest of the bodice is composed. There are shoulder-straps of violet satin ribbon finished mant color in the brocade. A high corselet belt, omposed of folds, one overlapping the other, ea

Another pretty costume where a little brocade comes in most effectively has a plain skirt of bisque cloth, with long, tight-fitting sleeves of the same short bolero jacket with short, straight sleeves ha ferent colors. This is made with a standing Medici collar at the back, and is cut straight down from the neck, leaving open the whole front, which is filled in with a succession of cascades of guipure A high-draped cerselet belt of black satin finisher this very "chic" little costume.

Both hats and hair will, it is said, be decidedly less exaggerated next season, and the former will not be worn so much tilted over the face. In some of the latest colffures by Hyacinthe, the hair is so loosely waved and held in a sort of a puff by a semi-circular comb that the effect is almost that of the old-fashioned "waterfall." In a very pretty arrangement intended for full dress, this circular comb is surmounted by a small wreath of roses, which also holds back the pompadour roll in front and encircles an airy looking structure of curls and puffs, the wreath being finished by a high white aigrette on the left side.

A really delightful little dinner frock for a debutante which has recently been sent over is of pink satin. A large chou of the satin is placed at the left-hand angle of the squared neck, wreaths of roses marking the line of the shoulders. The sleeves are quite tight to the elbow, where they are finished with a turned-back cuff and a fall of lace. A sketch for the cofffure is sent with this gown and shows a head with the hair rolled back over a small cushion in natural-looking waves, and confine i nearly on top with a wreath of roses, which sure not an arrangement of curls and loosely collect air.

#### IS PARKER BEHIND THIS GAME? On complaint of Agent Burr, of the Parkhurst So-

ciety, George Hoeffer, an alleged policy-writer at No. ket Court yesterday. Agent Burr told Magistrate Deuel that the game run in Hoefler's place was a "crooked" one, so much so that when "players" man-aged to strike a winning gig they were defrauded of their winnings. Mrs. Yetta Rosenberg, of No. 129 Suffolk-st., is one of the alleged dupes. She called on the Parkhurst Society and complained that she had been robbed in the place. She said she was a poor widow and supported her two children by taking in washing. She had caught the policy craze and had been playing the game for two years at No. 137 Riv. man named Parker, who was known as a "policy king." She said that on August 15 she was that Hoefler refused to pay her. She was greatly in in the house and her children were crying for food Agent Burr and Court Officer Fay made a raid on the place Tuesday afternoon and arrested Hoefler.

the place Tuesday afternoon and arrested Hoefler. The woman showed Magistrate Deuel a number of policy slips she had procured from Hoefler.

The latter was held for examination, and could not furnish bonds. He complained bitterly about Parker, who, he says, deserted him and allowed him to stay in a cell all night. Agent Burr says that the Parkhurst Society is after Parker. He was recently fined \$500 by Judge Newburger, in the Court of General Sessions, on a plea of guilty and his promise to get out of the policy business.

Raids on the place at No. 127 Rivington-st, have been made frequently. Most of the people who have patronized it are women and little children.

while to consider the situation. Our function is to while to consider the situation. Our function is to take the subject of the proposed new site into consideration in all its bearings. We are to discuss and report on the advisability of a change of site and, in conjunction with the trustees, to make such recommendations to the Grand Lodge at the annual meeting next June as we may determine upon. "There will be no selection of site before the next annual meeting. We may look around for sites, but shall not endeavor to secure any options. That will

THE JEWISH NEW-YEAR FESTIVAL.

has by a canter and responses by the congrega-tion.

It was said that the club trustees held a meeting Jewish holidays had its origin in the times when the means of communication were few and unreltable. The second day was then celebrated to make sure

The second day was then celebrated to make sure that the correct date was not missed. There is no longer any doubt as to the correct dates, but the orthodox Jews still cling to the old usage, as they do to some dietary laws which were made when the Orlent was the whole world.

There was no service yesterday in the Fifth-ave, temples, nor in any of the reformed congregations, and there will be no service until Friday, when the Kol Nidra, or introductory service for Yom Kippur, will take place.

### ELEVATED ROAD SUITS DISMISSED.

Five suits against the Manhattan Elevated Railread Company to recover damages for injuries to fee and rental values were dismissed yesterday by Justice Reekman, in Special Term, Part II, of the Supreme

The premises in two cases are Nos. 281, 283, 285 and 287 First-ave, which the Justice says are "cold-water They have received this name because they have no plumbing arrangements. All except No. 281 were built in 1856. The fees and tents of all have increased since 1880, when the road was built The Justice holds that the burden of proof was on the plaintiff, to show that the increase in values would have been greater without the road. With regard to houses at Nos. 1,154 and 1,448 Second-ave. Justice Beekman says that it is not clear that the roads have caused a loss.

### LOCAL BUSINESS COMPLICATIONS.

Justice Beekman, of the Supreme Court, yesterday appointed Max Cohen receiver of the firm of William W. Mayer & Co., manufacturers of umbrellas at No. 83 Walker-st, on the application of Herman Joseph in a suit brought for the dissoluion of the firm by William W. Mayer against his partner, Edwin M. Stern. It was said that the capital of the concern had become greatly impaired, and that the firm was indebted to various persons whom it was unable to pay. Dissensions have arisen between the partners, and they are unable to agree as to the further management of the business. The liabilities are placed at \$35,000 and the assets at \$5,900. Mr. Mayer began business in 1888 as a partner in the firm of Lasem, Mayer & Dazian, which was dissolved in December, 1892, and on February 1 he formed the present firm, with a capital of \$20,000, equally contributed, Mr. Stern being his nephew. In March last the firm was damaged by fire to the amount of \$6,00. Mr. Joseph said that the firm had been robbed of many thousands of dellars by an employe, which together with the hard times, had caused the re-

gether with the hard times, had caused the re-ceivership.

Creditors of Charles Seebach, dealer in men's fur-nishing goods at No. 33 Whitehall-st, and at West Broadway and Chambers-st, who gave a bill of sale of both places on Saturday to Benjamin Lev-inger, began legal proceedings yesterday to get back their goods. Deputy-Sheriff Henning yester-day received three writs of replevin from Herman loseph aggregating \$5,000, and claims from three other creditors for \$500. Mr. Seebach owes about

20,000.
20,000.
2,707 Third-ave, made an assignment yesterday to Charles Strauss, giving preferences for \$1,578. She had been in business since 1833, and generally carried a stock of \$9,000. Michael A. Quinlan, her attended. and generally care as the last and generally care as the description of the stories, said that the assignment would probably e only temporary, as she has sufficient assets to over all the liabilities.

#### CHARGED WITH ABANDONMENT. August Hartman, a middle-aged wine merchant,

living at No. 20 East Sixty-first-st., and doing business at No. 24 Beaver-st., appeared in Yorkville donment preferred against him by a womay who called herself Thea Hartman, of No. 31 West Sixty-third-st., who alleged that Hartman married her Different stories were told by the complainant and

defendant. According to the former and her counsel. Hartman met her on board ship, and after-

ward went to Europe with her, the pair travelling as man and wife. He had also introduced her to all his friends in this city, and they believed her to be Mrs. Hartman. The defendant denied having married the woman or having recognized her as his wife, and asserted that her action was the sequel to a fit of jealousy. The case was adjourned for a week. Hartman being paroled in the custody of his counsel.

NORTH SIDE BRAVES EXCURSION.

A DINNER AT LAURELTON GROVE AND SPEECHES BY MR. PURROY AND OTHERS.

Four hundred braves of the Tammany Society of the Annexed District, with their women relatives and friends, assembled on the pier at East One-hundred-and-twenty-eighth-st. early yesterday morning, where they embarked on the Iron Steamboat Company's steamer Sirius and sailed to Laurelton Grove, Cold Spring Harbor, Conn., to hold their nineteenth annual picnic. The grove was reached at 11 o'clock, and a breakfast was served. Dancing was enjoyed in the afternoon, and at 4:30 o'clock dinner was served. County Clerk Henry D. Purroy presided and delivered an address, which was followed by speeches by ex-Congressman James A. Gray, J. G. F. Wahle, Luke Wells and State Senator Charles L. Guy, ratifying the nomination of Bryan and Sewall. The party got back to the

city at 9 p. m

Those in attendance were Grand Sachem John P. Dunn, father of the council; John B. Shea, scribe; Charles C. Martin, treasurer; Joseph J. Berry, sagamore; Fred Schnaufer, wiskinkie; John Uros-sen, Enoch Vreeland and wife, Edward J. Dowling chairman: Thomas Fariey, Patrick J. Connelly, John J. Leddy, Charles A. Soteido, George W. McClintock, John J. Keegan, Bernard McGeraghty and daughter, John P. Reilly and daughter, William Keenan and family, Peter Cheevers, Thomas H. Murphy and wife, David E. Crocheron, Theodore Schoeppler, George W. Cregier, James Degnan, H. K. Davis, William Guild, Charles De Forrest Burns, Stephen O'Brien, James Owens and wife, Charles McCafferty and wife, Paul Jones, John Bagge, Dr. John Parsons, William H. Scott, Richard D. Hamilton, Dr. William H. Scott, Richard D. Hamilton, Dr. William H. Scott, Richard D. Hamilton, Dr. William H. Scott, Richard D. Mangistrate Charles E. Simma, Jr., Louis F. Haffen, Assemblyman Arthur C. Butts, Henry A. Gumbleton, Patrick P. Mulien, Anthony McGwen, F. Fairfax McLaughlin, Dr. T. Joseph Dunn, Dr. Robert A. Joyce, Francis J. Hawkes and Augustine J. Wilson. chairman; Thomas Farley, Patrick J. Connelly,

JUSTICE'S SCALES MADE STRAIGHT.

WORKMEN MOUNT THE CITY HALL CUPOLA AND SET THE ENTANGLED EMBLEM ARIGHT.

Justice's scales have been straightened. The had been awry ever since the Sinking Fund Com-mission refused to award the last call for bond bids. That one man is not dead and possibly two. as a result of the evening of the scales, many people are inclined to regard as providential.

Justice for years back has held a steady position and an even scales on her lofty perch on the top of the City Hall cupola. Several weeks ago, and many old-timers declared it hoded no good, the scales became tangled over the young woman's arm, and passers-by noticing the change called the attention of "Marty" Keese, the janitor, to it. attention of "Marty" Keese, the janifor, to It. But as slowly as the mills of Justice grind, the Public Works mills grind slower, and so Dame Justice stood there with the crooked scales for weeks. Yesterday the scales were made straight before a large crowd that stood below the cupola watching breathlessly the anties of the men who had climbed aloft to set Justice aright. There were two men, and while one climbed upon the imitation marble goddess the other, supported by him, did the work. The crowd watched the men with considerable anxiety for their safety, and breathed more freely when the job was finished.

AN ACTOR ASKS FOR A RECEIVER.

HE SAYS THE THALIA THEATRE COMPANY IS BUN

Counsel for Caesar Greenberg, an actor, made at application yesterday to Justice Truax, in Special Term, Part II, of the Supreme Court, for the ap-pointment of a receiver for the Thalia Theatre pany is run on the co-operative plan, all of the actors sharing in the proceeds, was a member of the company for several years. He says he was dismissed, and avers that, the company being a copartnership, he could not lawfully be discharged and deprived of his share in the profits and assets. He also sues for an accounting.

J. P. Adler and Harry Levy, the lessees of the Thalia Theatre, deny that the company is a copartnership, and say that Greenberg was merely an employe.

Decision was reserved.

### THE VACHTING INJUNCTION CASE.

INDEFINITE ADJOURNMENT OF THE SUIT-A PROBABLE SETTLEMENT OUT OF COURT.

of the sloop Choctaw, against the Atlantic Yacht Ing the club from holding a race for the Adams ling, coachman for the Wandell family, of that Cup, was called yesterday before Justice Truax, in place, was held at the home of Mr. Caryl, No. 16 Special Term. Part I, of the Supreme Court, it was adjourned indefinitely by consent of counsel. It o'clock.

The services were conducted by the Pey, Dr. Vall. worship yesterday. There were services in the morn-ing and afternoon, consisting of reading from the side. This arrangement was entered into in the side. This arrangement was entered into in the

Tuesday night and decided to reopen the protest against Mr. Strong's yacht. This concession on the part of the club trustees was accepted by Mr. Strong, and the trouble, it is believed, will be set

The Adams Cup is valued at about \$200. In June the cup was contested for by the sloops Choctaw and Penguin, the cup to go to the winner of two

Mr. Strong's Choctaw won the first race, and the Penguin's owner protested the race, on the ground that an error had been made in the measurement of the Choctaw. Mr. Strong averred that the protest came too late, as the club's rules provided that

It should have been made within twenty-four hour. It should have been made within twenty-four hours after the sailing of the race. This contention was not sustained by the Regatta Committee.

The second race resulted in another victory for Mr. Strong's yacht, and the committee decided that the yacht should be remeasured by John Hyslop, of the New-York Yacht Club. To this Mr. Strong objected, on the around that Mr. Hyslop was not the official measurer of the Atlantic Yacht Club.

The third race was set for last Saturday. Mr. Strong's yacht had not been remeasured, and was in drydock, and to prevent the Perguin from sailing over the course and claiming the race, the temporary injunction which prevented the race on Saturday was secured.

JOHN LAWRENCE'S FUNERAL.

The funeral of John Lawrence, who died suddenly from heart disease Sunday at his country home. Southampton, Long Island, took place at noon yesterday. The Rev. Daniel W. Morehouse conducted the services in All Souls' Church, Fourthave, and Twentieth-st. He read the Unitarian liturgy. The church was thronged with the numerous

The chief mourners were Mrs. Lawrence, the widow, and Miss Lawrence and Miss Ethel Law-

The pall-bearers, who were chosen from Mr. Lawrence's fellow-members in the Union Club and Sons of the Revolution, were Stephen Van Rensse haer Franklin Bartlett, John McLean Nash, C. A. laer, Franklin Bartlett, John McLeau Nash, C. A.
Seward, James Montgomery, Van B. Davis, J. G.
K. Duer, J. De Forrest Grant, Frederick S. Tallmadge and Frank A. Otls.

Lafayette Post, No. 140, G. A. R., was represented
by D. M. Knight, James L. Bayea, Joseph Banks,
Oscar Dusenbury, D. Moran, Benjamin J. Ledor, A.
N. Marvin, J. C. Long and H. Herkener. The delegation from the Sons of the Revolution included O.
D. Munn, Charles Isham and Frederick S. Talimadge.

madge.

The Broadway Bank, in which Mr. Lawrence was largely interested, was represented by F. A. Palmer, president; F. P. Furnald, James Talcott and Joel Fisher. Others present were John K. Var Rensselaer, George Greer, H. E. Gautry and John Lafarge. The funeral was in the family vault at SMART PRACTICE IN A CAFE.

# Mary Pierson, of No. 105 Division-st., proprietress of the Vienna Café, at No. 58 East Fourth-st., and

Julius Wolf, the plano-player in the place, were ar raigned in the Essex Market Court yesterday charged with violating the excise law. The cafe is similar to a score of others East Side, in which, it is said, the excise law is

habitually violated. The interior is concealed from view by heavy lace curtains. Detective Heinatz, of the Fifth-st. station, was sent to the place by Act ing Captain Herlihy about 1 o'clock yesterday morn There was no food in sight, but a number of customers were being served with coffee in small

customers were being served with coffee in small cups by waitresses. The detective seized one of the cups, which was served to a man sitting near the plane-player, and found the contents to be whiskey. Wolf and the Pierson woman were then arrested. In court, however, a number of frequenters of the cafe swore that the man who had the whiskey in the cup was a stool pigeon of the police; that he had ordered coffee, which he threw on the floor, and then put the whiskey into the cup from a bottle which he carried in his pocket.

Magistrate Deuel discharged the prisoners, although the detective indignantly denied the statements of the witnesses, and said that the man was a perfect stranger to him.

Conover Fireplace Mfg. Co., Manufacturers. Formerly of 284 Street.

### FIREPLACES,

Andirons, Gas Logs, Fenders,

### TILES for

Bath Rooms, Hearths, Facings,

MANTELS. Marbles, Mosaics, Ceramics.

7 and 9 West 30th Street. Near Pifth Avenue.

VANDERBILT BOOKS NOT TO BE SHOWN.

DECISION IN THE SUIT AGAINST THE COMMO-DORE'S ESTATE.

In the suit of W. H. A. Brown, as administrator of the estate of W. H. Brown, who died in October last, to recover \$2,000,000 and interest from October, 1853, from the estate of Commodore Vanderbilt. decision was given yesterday by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, upholding Justice Pryor's ruling that Brown is not entitled to examine the business accounts of the dead Commo dore. The decision is final, as no further appeal can be taken.

According to the plaintiff, on March 21, 181, W. H. Brown and Cornelius Vanderbilt made an agree-ment to run a line of steamers from San Francisco to New-York. Brown at that time owned four steamers carrying feelght and passengers from San Francisco to San Juan del Sur. and Mr. Vander. bilt's steamers ran from New-York to San Juan del Norte. The agreement, an alleged copy of which is included in the pleadings presented to the Court, particularly states that no partnership is designed, but that each party is responsible for his own ships and that each shall act as the agent of the other. The continuous line thus formed was the origin of the Nicaragua Transit Company

In 1852 Mr. Brown borrowed \$120,000 from Mr. Vanderbilt, giving as security his ships Pacific, Inde-pendence, Sea Bird and Daniel Webster, valued at \$550,000, under the agreement that when Mr. Van-derbilt, from the earnings of the ships, had reimbursed himself for the \$120,000, he should reconvey vessels to Brown. The plaintiff's contention is that Mr. Vanderbilt never reconveyed the stips and that their value and the accrued money earned by them since 1854 are due to the estate of W. H. Brown. On November 18, last, William F. Randel, counsel for W. H. A. Brown, began suit in the Supreme

on November 18, 185t, William F. Randel, counsel for W. H. A. Brown, began suit in the Suprem Court.

Through their counsel, Anderson, Howland & Murray, the Vanderbilt executors denied that the estate owed Brown any money and that they could find any record of any such transactions as the plaintiff aileged. In response to a demand for a discovery on Commodore Vanderbilt's books, argued before Justice Beekman, the Vanderbilt executors defaulted. They then offered, and counsel for Brown agreed to accept, a transcript of those parts of Mr. Vanderbilt's books on which W. H. Brown's name figured. The transcripts did not contain the information needed for the prosecution of the suit, and Mr. Randel brought suit for a fuller accounting in Special Term. Justice Pryor, in refusing the order, decided on June 2 that, as the plaintiff had already obtained what he asked for, he was not entitled to more, and that he had not shown to the satisfaction of the Court that entires were contained in the books as to the matter in question. From that decision the plaintiff took an appeal to the Appellate Division.

HILTON, HUGHES AND CO.'S PAYROLLS. MANY OF THE FORMER EMPLOYES TO RECEIVE

THEIR MONEY THIS WEEK. A published statement that the former clerks of

Hilton, Hughes & Co. would be paid yesterday attracted a large crowd about the firm's store in the morning. The clerks, however, were disappointed. Posted on the doors was the following notice:

The employes of Hilton, Hughes & Co. whose salaries were \$50 a month, or less, will be paid Friday and Saturday, the lith and 12th inst., between the hours of 7 and 11 a. m.

GEORGE M WRIGHT, Assignee.

The manager, Mr. Gillam, said that the notice ap-plied to nearly all the saleswomen and a large perplied to nearly all the saleswomen and a large per-centage of the younger men who had been in the firm's employ. He did not know when the other clerks would be paid. The delay, he added, was due to the time occupied in preparing the payrolls. Hilton, Hughes & Co. paid most of their employes by the month, and the various departments on exp-arate days, so that nearly every day in the month was a pay day in the establishment. The work of preparing an inventory has not been completed. It is being done by seventy-five clerks. Mr. Gillam said that he thought the task would be finished within a week.

### ISAAC CARYL BURIED.

The funeral of Isaac Carvl, who was murdered on Monday at Saddle River, N. J., by William Dow

Octock.

The services were conducted by the Rev. Dr. pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church Eighty-sixth-st, and Park-ave, and hymns sung by a chorus of young women connected the church. There were numerous floral embis Burial was in Trinity Cemetery.

### TRYING TO REGAIN HER CHILD.

John A. Dempsey, of No. 23 Broadway, counsel for Mrs. Mabel G. Gordon, yesterday obtained from Jus-tice Beckman, in Special Term. Part II, of the Suprime Court, a writ of habeas corpus directing James A. Gordon and his mother, Mary Gordon, of James A. Gordon and his mother, Mary Gordon, of No. 1,399 Broadway, to produce before him, after service of the writ. Dorothy Gordon, three years old. Mrs. Mabel G. Gordon alleges that she has been cruelly treated by her husband. James A. Gordon, and has brought a suit against him for a separation. She says that her little daughter was given to her mother-in-lay. Mary Gordon, and that she cannot get the child, who, she asserts, is unlawfully held by her mother-in-law.

### SUICIDE OF A CABINET-MAKER.

Jacob Anderson, sixty-one years old, of No 43 East Seventeenth-st., committed suicide early yes-terday by hanging in the cellar of his home. The man was a cabinet-maker. He was married a year ago to a widow with five children. The cause of his suicide is not known, but it is supposed to have been filness, as he had been complaining for some time of stomach trouble. He had steady work and of stomach trouble, made good wages.

A CHILD'S SCREAM CAUSES A PANIC. A child about three years old accidentally fell down the stairway in Pollack Hall, at Allen and Stanton sts., vesterday morning. The hall at the time contained about 500 members of the Jewish ongregation Chevia Anshe Skoller, and among them were many women and children. The little girl was not much hurt, but she screamed, and sire was not much burt, but she screamed, and samebody in the crowd, thinking that there was a fire, raised an alarm. There was a panic immediately, and the people rushed from the hall pell-mell. Fortunately the place is provided with ample means of exit, and the crowd got out without any more serious injury than a few bruises. It was said that several men in the hall endeavored to increase the scare with the hope of picking pockets, but no complaints of theft, were made to the police.

### Flint's Fine Furniture.

A few of the "Summer Novelty" bargains left.

European Advertisements.

EUROPEANS AND TRAVELLERS will find

the London office of The Tribuna 75 Fleet Street E C. a convenient place to leave their advertisements and subscriptions for The Tribune.

## Brighton, England. Hotel Metropole.

The most comfortable and luxurious seaside Hotel in the World. Finest Cuisine and Wines. Music by Hotel Orchestra during Luncheon and Dinner. En pension terms may be arranged.

The Gordon Hotels, Limited